WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A device for tissue handling, comprising:

a structure, configured for receiving and holding a tissue specimen, wherein the tissue specimen includes tissue positional references; and

device positional references, associated with the structure, for fixing the orientation of the tissue specimen, when held by the device, so as to reflect the tissue specimen positional references.

- 2. The device of claim 1, configured to define tissue lateral and superior sides and a tissue top face.
- 3. The device of claim 1, wherein the device is substantially transparent to at least one imaging modality, selected from the group consisting of x-ray imaging gamma imaging, and MRI.
- 4. The device of claim 1, configured to receive the tissue specimen prior to its complete removal.
- 5. The device of claim 1, wherein the device positional references are built into the structure of the device.
- 6. The device of claim 1, wherein the device positional references are based on a color code.
- 7. The device of claim 1, wherein the device positional references are based on sutures of different lengths.
 - 8. The device of claim 1, formed as a rigid body.
 - 9. The device of claim 1, formed as a flexible body.

tissue specimen.

- 10. The device of claim 1, formed as a stretchable body.
- 11. The device of claim 1, formed as an expansible body.
- 12. The device of claim 1, formed as a sac-like mesh.
- 13. The device of claim 1, formed as a stretchable stocking.
- 14. The device of claim 1, formed as a resilient cage.
- 15. The device of claim 1, formed as a box outline, comprising:
 a box outline body;
 a box outline lid; and
 at least one holder, for holding together the box outline body and lid.
- 16. The device of claim 1, wherein the structure comprises:

 first and second frames, designed to be superimposed and receive and hold the tissue specimen therebetween; and

 at least one holder, for holding the first and second frames together, with the tissue specimen sandwiched therebetween, thus fixing the orientation of the
- 17. The device of claim 16 or 15, and wherein the at least one holder is a surgical latex band.
 - 18. The device of claim 16 or 15, and further including a lining.
 - 19. The device of claim 16 or 15, and further including a grid.
- 20. The device of claim 1, configured for applying a force of less than 500 gram on the tissue specimen.

WO 2006/092797 PCT/IL2006/000288

16

- 21. The device of claim 1, configured for applying a force of between 20 and 200 gram on the tissue specimen.
- 22. The device of claim 1, and further including handles for holding the device.
 - 23. The device of claim 1, provided in a plurality of sizes.
 - 24. A method for tissue transport and handling, comprising: providing a device, which comprises:

a structure, configured for receiving and holding a tissue specimen, wherein the tissue specimen includes tissue positional references; and

device positional references, associated with the structure, for fixing the orientation of the tissue specimen, when held by the device; and

positioning the tissue specimen within the device, so as to reflect the tissue specimen positional references by the device positional references.

- 25. The method of claim 24, and further including maintaining the tissue specimen immobile, in the device.
- 26. The method of claim 24, wherein the device is configured to define tissue lateral and superior sides and a tissue top face.
- 27. The method of claim 24, wherein the device is substantially transparent to at least one imaging modality, selected from the group consisting of x-ray imaging gamma imaging, and MRI.
- 28. The method of claim 24, wherein the device is configured to receive the tissue specimen prior to its complete removal.
- 29. The method of claim 24, wherein the device positional references are built into the structure of the method.

WO 2006/092797 PCT/IL2006/000288

17

- 30. The method of claim 24, wherein the device positional references are based on a color code.
- 31. The method of claim 24, wherein the device positional references are based on sutures of different lengths.
 - 32. The method of claim 24, wherein the device is formed as a rigid body.
- 33. The method of claim 24, wherein the device is formed as a flexible body.
- 34. The method of claim 24, wherein the device is formed as a stretchable body.
- 35. The method of claim 24, wherein the device is formed as an expansible body.
- 36. The method of claim 24, wherein the device is formed as a sac-like mesh.
- 37. The method of claim 24, wherein the device is formed as a stretchable stocking.
- 38. The method of claim 24, wherein the device is formed as a resilient cage.
- 39. The method of claim 24, wherein the device is formed as a box outline, comprising:

a box outline body;

a box outline lid; and

at least one holder, for holding together the box outline body and lid.

40. The method of claim 24, wherein the structure comprises:

first and second frames, designed to be superimposed and receive and hold the tissue specimen therebetween; and

at least one holder, for holding the first and second frames together, with the tissue specimen sandwiched therebetween, thus fixing the orientation of the tissue specimen.

- 41. The method of claim 40 or 39, and wherein the at least one holder is a surgical latex band.
- 42. The method of claim 40 or 39, wherein the device further includes a lining.
- 43. The method of claim 40 or 39, wherein the device further includes a grid.
- 44. The method of claim 24, and further including applying a force of less than 500 gram on the tissue specimen.
- 45. The method of claim 24, and further including applying a force of between 20 and 200 gram on the tissue specimen.